

**Madame chair, dear colleges**

**It is a pleasure to have the opportunity to speak in front delegations from all over the world representing billions of people. I know that we as parliamentarians can make a difference, also when it comes to science, technology and innovation.**

**But**

**It is a great responsibility and challenge for our Parliaments to make legislations that ensure that Artificial Intelligence and new self-learning technologies become useful tools to develop sustainable societies.**

**EUs AI Act is the first regulation framework to protect people against the negative consequences from this new powerful technology, at the same time as it gives guidelines for legal use.**

**The technological development goes very fast, and the tech-companies must not be given to much power.**

**The country I represent, Norway, is a small country with only about 5 to 6 million inhabitants. Since internet and digital information are crossing borders, we need to cooperate with other countries when it comes to developing legislation and systems to combat cyber criminality, fake News and misuse of personal information. For instance, we have to hold the big companies who owns the social media platforms responsible for the quality of content that are worldwide spread. The Norwegian Parliament get advice from a group of experts in our work on these issues, and our government follows the work in**

**EU to make our own regulations inspired from the European AI act.**

**The Norwegian Parliament has put in place budgets so that we can build up digital infrastructure, Language models, and we have scientists working on innovation in academia, together with the government, private companies and other countries.**

**The world is facing big challenges to give prosperity to everyone, stop climate change and the loss of biodiversity. We have to balance our use of materials, energy and minerals in the future. One AI search use 10 times more energy than a google search, so it will be a challenge to not only give the people access to new technology, but also to have enough energy available.**

**Due to the fact that we don't have endless recourses it is needed to develop legislation so we can control the datacentre industry and give priority to the most useful use of energy and resources.**

**We the Parliaments have a responsibility to make regulations that ensure a sustainable development that give most benefit for the people we represent, without damaging the environment and the worlds water resources.**